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APPLICATION N	Ο.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/784,392		02/15/2001	Donald R. Pederson	NCRC-0026-US(9417)	2999	
26890	759	0 07/14/2004		EXAMINER		
JAMES I NCR COI		•	CHEN, CHONGSHAN			
1700 SOUTH PATTERSON BLVD, WHQ4			VHQ4	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DAYTON, OH 45479			•	2172		
				DATE MAILED: 07/14/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



•	Application No.	Applicant(s)	Υ.
Advisory Action	09/784,392	PÉDERSON ET AL.	Q ^r
,	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Chongshan Chen	2172	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	ess
THE REPLY FILED 02 June 2004 FAILS TO PLACE TH Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this application at the same of the	ation. A proper reply h places the applicati	to a ion in
PERIOD FOR RE	EPLY [check either a) or b)]		
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire leads on the context of	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE date on which the petition under 37 CFI of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply the later than three months after the mail	g date of the final rejection HE FINAL REJECTION. S R 1.136(a) and the approperation of the fee. The approportionally set in the final O	n. See MPEP priate extension priate extension Office action; or
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF			
2. \square The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:		
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);	
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	elow);		
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or sim	plifying the
(d) _ they present additional claims without cancelli	ng a corresponding number of fi	inally rejected claims	
NOTE:			
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	ion(s):		
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed a	mendment
5. ☑ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☑ request for application in condition for allowance because: See		dered but does NOT	place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY t	o issues which were	newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we	· · · —		nd an
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-43</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			. 1
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) appr	roved or b) disapproved by t	he Examiner.	
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemer	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		
10. Other:		Sold ()	KINDRED
BEST	AVAILABLE COPY	PRIMARY E	EXAMINER

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: As per applicant's arguments regarding the references do not teach performing a flush of a transaction log from volatile storage to non-volatile storage before an end transaction procedure have been considered but are not persuasive. The applicants do not explicitly disclose whether the transaction procedure is the issuing of the transaction end indication or the initialization of the transaction end indication. Therefore, the examiner interprets the claimed end transaction procedure as the initialization of transaction end indication of Tada. Tada teaches transferring log data to HLF buffer 112 in non-volatile memory 103 before the initialize transaction end indication (Tada, col. 11, line 1 - col. 12, line 3).

As per applicant's arguments regarding Tada does not teach the first access module is part of a cluster of access modules have been considered but are not persuasive. The system of Tada has two external storages, two databases and two historical log files on volatile and non-volatile storage (Tada, Fig. 1-4). It is obvious that the system of Tada has a cluster of access modules in order to access the two external storages, two databases and two historical log files on volatile and non-volatile storage. Any access modules access one of the external storages, databases and historical log files could be the first access module.

As per applicant's arguments regarding the reference does not teach a first access module sending an end transaction directive to a fallback module have been considered but are not persuasive. Because the applicants do not define what is the fallback module in the claim and limitations from the specification are not read into the claims, see In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993), the examiner gives a broad interpretation to the term. Tada discloses transaction end managing portion records the transaction end in the transaction file (Tada, Fig. 4). The examiner interprets the fallback module is the transaction end managing portion.

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